IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION No. MC BOTANICALS LLC and MC NUTRACEUTICALS LLC, Plaintiffs, v. VERIFIED COMPLAINT ASTERRA LABS, LLC; RISE CAPITAL, LLC; and RYAN MCCONNELL;

Defendants.

Since its founding in 2019, Defendant Asterra Labs, LLC ("Asterra") and its private equity backer, Defendant Rise Capital, LLC ("Rise Capital"), had sought to leverage their powerful, North Carolina-based political and financial networks to gain a toehold in the national cannabinoid market. Almost five years and over ten million dollars later, they had little to show for their efforts: poor distribution infrastructure; underdeveloped inventory management systems; little industry know-how; and no profits.

Hustling to avoid embarrassment and maintain a façade of being savvy operators in a promising new market sector, Defendants caught a lucky break when Plaintiff MC Nutraceuticals LLC ("MC Nutraceuticals"; together with its affiliates, collectively, "MC"), the national industry leader in bulk cannabinoids, agreed to enter into a long-term, mutually-beneficial relationship with Asterra. Under their agreement, MC would create a new entity, Plaintiff MC Botanicals, LLC ("MC Botanicals"), to provide the industry expertise and market position that Asterra lacked. In exchange, Rise Capital, through its manager Harry L. Smith Jr. ("Mr. Smith"), promised a favorable financing arrangement, and Asterra, through its President Rep. John R. Bell, IV ("Rep. Bell"), promised to handle product fulfillment at scale.

Asterra and Rise Capital failed to hold up their end of the bargain, and Asterra breached its contractual obligations to MC Botanicals almost immediately. MC fortunately was able to cover, sending employees to North Carolina to all but take over Asterra's operations. Their interventions helped, and Asterra's monthly revenue more than doubled.

Asterra and Rise Capital, however, were not satisfied with the arrangement. While MC had given Defendants their industry training wheels and earned them more revenue than what they had seen in the past five years, Defendants saw no reason why MC should get any cut of the business, despite what the parties had agreed. Accordingly, beginning in early June 2025, Rise Capital and Asterra embarked on a campaign to squeeze MC out so that Defendants could convert MC's inventory and personnel for themselves. This campaign included escalating threats from Defendants to use their principals' positions of power and influence in North Carolina to prosecute and jail MC's executives if MC failed to deliver sums of money Defendants claimed to be due under the parties' contract.

Alarmed, MC has had no choice but to file the instant complaint and to seek immediate injunctive relief to enjoin Asterra from improperly converting and selling the MC Botanicals inventory in its possession, and to enjoin MC's poached employee, Defendant Ryan McConnell ("Mr. McConnell"), from using MC's trade secrets and other confidential, proprietary information in service of Defendants' plan to enrich themselves at MC's expense.

PARTIES

- 1. MC Botanicals is a Texas limited liability company with a registered office in Wake County, North Carolina and its principal place of business in Argyle, Texas. Jeffrey Worley ("Jeff Worley") and Bret Worley ("Bret Worley") are its officers.
- 2. MC Nutraceuticals is a Texas limited liability company with a principal place of business in Golden, Colorado. Jeff Worley and Bret Worley are its officers as well.
- 3. Asterra is a North Carolina limited liability company with its registered office and principal place of business in Nash County, North Carolina. Rep. Bell, who serves as Chairman of the Rules Committee of the North Carolina House, is Asterra's President.
- 4. Rise Capital is a North Carolina limited liability company with a registered office in Pitt County, North Carolina, and a principal place of business in Carteret County, North Carolina. Mr. Smith, former Chair of the University of North Carolina Board of Trustees, is its manager.

5. Upon information and belief, Mr. McConnell was a citizen and resident of North Carolina, at times relevant to this action. His address at time of the filing of this action is unknown.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 6. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332, in that the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$75,000 and involves claims between citizens of different states, as well as 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1367(a), in that Plaintiffs' claim under the Defend Trade Secrets Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1836, presents a federal question and Plaintiffs' remaining claims are part of the same case and controversy as the claim arising under federal law.
- 7. Defendants are subject to personal jurisdiction in this State pursuant to Article 6A, Chapter 1, of the General Statues of North Carolina, including, without limitation, N.C. Gen. Stat. § 1-75.4, and Defendants each have sufficient minimum contacts with this forum, including but not limited to their contacts relating to the agreements at issue here, to justify the assertion of personal jurisdiction over them in this Court.
- 8. Venue is proper in this district, where Defendants Asterra and Rise Capital maintain their principal places of business, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2), because this is a judicial district in which a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims at issue in this action occurred.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT FACTS

Overview of MC's Business

- 9. Jeff and Bret Worley, a father and son team, founded MC Nutraceuticals in 2020. MC Nutraceuticals is a national industry leader in lobbying, regulatory reform and distribution in the industrial hemp-based bulk sector, with operations focused on federally-legal cannabinoids.
- 10. Since its founding, MC's business portfolio has expanded to include, without limitation, federally-legal cannabinoid sales; federally-legal cannabinoid distribution; direct-to-consumer products; finished goods; industry consulting; product development; scientific research; and regulatory support and advising on legislative matters. MC Nutraceuticals is regularly asked to present at industry trade shows world-wide. It has been recognized by Forbes Magazine and The Financial Times as an industry leader.
- 11. Bret Worley is often featured, in his individual capacity and on behalf of MC, in media coverage of the "new hemp economy" that includes hemp's potential for uses as varied as human consumption; animal feed; renewable energy; building materials; sea walls; agriculture; and bioplastics.
- 12. MC has grown year over year. MC grossed \$12 million, \$24 million, and \$48 million in 2022, 2023, and 2024, respectively.
- 13. In early 2025, MC became interested in expanding opportunities to distribute hemp-derived cannabinoids.

Asterra's Failures to Launch

- 14. Asterra seemed to offer such an opportunity to MC, with access to capital and the North Carolina market. MC, for its part, presented much-needed industry experience and know-how that could legitimize Asterra and give the company a foot in the door to this emerging market.
- Founded in 2019, Asterra billed itself as a producer, manufacturer, and 15. distributor of "premium wholesale and white label CBD and hemp products," but the company had struggled to find its footing in the hemp-derived flower and cannabinoid product market.
- 16. Asterra had the advantage of being able to leverage large amounts of capital through its North Carolina-based private equity owner Rise Capital, and a powerful political North Carolina network. Despite these advantages, however, Asterra had failed to develop basic competencies necessary to compete effectively in the regulated hemp-derived flower and cannabinoid marketplace.
- 17. By 2024, Rise Capital had already sunk approximately \$10 million into Asterra.
- 18. Despite this enormous investment, Asterra had developed only a small finished-goods revenue stream.
 - 19. Prior to its partnership with MC, Asterra was mostly cash flow negative.
- 20. Upon information and belief, in 2024, Asterra had only achieved roughly \$100,000 in monthly gross revenue, while at the same time incurring an estimated \$70,000 a month in negative cash flow. This was their high water mark.

- 21. Despite its repeated failures to find its footing, Asterra held itself out as North Carolina's "first manufacturer of pharmaceutical-grade hemp products," "utiliz[ing] top-of-the-line equipment and facilities manned by industry experts."
- 22. Attracted by Rise Capital's substantial financing capabilities and Rep. Bell and Mr. Smith's powerful political networks, MC approached Asterra in December 2024 about forming a commercial relationship whereby MC, for all intents and purposes, would help Asterra find its footing in the dynamic and intensely competitive regulated cannabinoid market.
 - 23. Asterra recognized the opportunity and agreed.

<u>Asterra Contracts with MC Botanicals For an Industry Toehold</u>

- 24. MC Botanicals was the entity set up and used to memorialize the relationship with Asterra on the new venture. MC Botanicals would source products and market finished goods to MC's customer base. Asterra would finance and manage inventory and fulfill orders of cannabinoid ingredients for the finished goods.
- 25. MC Botanicals and Asterra entered into a Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement (the "Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement"). A true and correct copy of this agreement is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u> and incorporated by reference herein.
- 26. The Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement provides, among other things, that:

[Paragraph allegations continue on the following page]

- a. MC Botanicals acts as procurement agent for Asterra, sourcing product ingredients and advising Asterra what to buy, from whom, and at what price. (Ex. A, Recital A, §§ 1-2).
- b. Asterra, relying on MC Botanicals' advice, issues a purchase order for product ingredients (each, a "Purchase Order") (*Id.* at § 1).
- c. Asterra, with financial backing from Rise Capital, finances the Purchase Order. (*Id.* at §§ 2-3).
- d. Once product ingredients are purchased pursuant to a Purchase Order, title to those product ingredients is transferred to MC Botanicals, which owns the inventory (the "MC Botanicals Inventory").
- e. The MC Botanicals Inventory is delivered into Asterra's possession at its Nash County, North Carolina facility.
- f. Asterra remains responsible for managing the MC Botanicals Inventory in its possession. Its fulfillment obligations include, without limitation, performing quality control for the MC Botanicals Inventory and absorbing packaging and shipping costs. (*Id.* at §§ 2, 4-5).
- g. Once Asterra finances the purchase of MC Botanicals Inventory to fulfill a Purchase Order, it issues an invoice to MC Botanicals (each, an "Asterra Invoice"). (*Id.* at § 3).
- h. MC Botanicals then has 30 days to pay Asterra the invoiced amount reflecting the purchase money advanced by Asterra pursuant to its financing obligations. (*Id.* at § 3).

- i. In the event MC Botanicals does not pay an Asterra Invoice within 30 days, Asterra can charge interest at the lesser rate of 1.5% per month or the highest rate permissible under applicable law. (*Id.*).
- j. Asterra, using financing from Rise Capital, provides MC Botanicals a credit facility with a limit of \$2.5 million. (Id. at § 3.3).
- k. Asterra is obligated to replace or offer MC Botanicals refunds for products deemed to be non-complying by MC Botanicals, subject to certain terms and conditions. (*Id.* at § 5).
- 1. Each party is obligated to provide documents, data, or other information reasonably requested by the other for fulfillment of its responsibilities under the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement. (Id. at § 7).
- m. The terms of MC Botanicals Purchase Orders and Asterra Invoices are incorporated into the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement and subject to the terms and conditions of the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement. (*Id.* at §§ 3, 18).
- n. Each party is obligated to indemnify the other for, among other things, infringement of the other's intellectual property rights (or the infringement by such party's affiliates, employees, or representatives) and gross negligence. (*Id.* at § 14).
- o. If any party institutes any legal suit, action, or proceeding against the other party arising out of the agreement, the prevailing party is entitled to receive costs and attorneys' fees. (*Id.* at § 18).

- p. For the performance of its obligations, Asterra receives \$50.00 per kilogram or pound (depending on product) for each unit of MC Botanicals Inventory fulfilled and shipped for use in finished goods. (*Id.* at § 3.1).
- q. Asterra bears the risk of errors in fulfillment resulting in customer returns and dissatisfaction. (*Id.* at § 5).
- r. Automatic renewal after a term of one (1) year, with termination rights for each party (i) if the other party has breached any material provision and that breach continues unremedied for thirty (30) days after written notice of the breach; (ii) if a party "becomes the subject of bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, or other similar proceedings[;]" (iii) if a Change in Control (as therein defined) occurs; or (iv) if one party provides notice at least thirty (30) days prior to the expiration of the then-current term. (Id. at § 18).
- s. Each party is subject to a non-disclosure and non-circumvention provision, as follows:
 - 10. Confidentiality and Circumvention. Each Party hereto agrees with the other that, it and its representatives will hold in strict confidence all data and information obtained with respect to another Party or any subsidiary thereof from any representative, officer, director or employee, of such other Party, and shall not use such data or information or disclose the same to others, except to the extent such data or information is published, is a matter of public knowledge, or is required by law to be published. In the event of the termination of this Agreement, each Party shall return to the other Party all documents and other materials obtained by it or on its behalf and shall destroy all copies or other materials relating thereto. To the extent that a Party is required to disclose information by applicable law or a court of competent jurisdiction, it shall not make any such disclosure without first notifying the other Party and allowing the other Party a reasonable opportunity to seek injunctive relief from (or a protective order with respect to) the obligation to make such disclosure. Additionally, the Parties agree and acknowledge an affirmative obligation to the other Party to keep the terms and conditions of this Agreement confidential.
 - 10.1 For the avoidance of confusion, the Parties agree not to circumvent one another's rights and duties to fulfill its obligations under this Agreement. Further, Supplier agrees not to circumvent Purchaser's exclusive rights under this Agreement to distribute the Products. Finally, Supplier agrees to not knowingly sell the Products to any of Purchaser's Customers.

(*Id.* at § 10).

- 27. While MC Botanicals was aware that Asterra had not yet successfully launched in the national cannabinoid product market, a commercial relationship with Asterra was nonetheless of interest on account of Rise Capital's considerable financial backing of Asterra, including the ability to increase funding for product acquisition as would be required for scaling of the contemplated Asterra-MC Botanicals commercial relationship.
- 28. MC Botanicals reasonably relied on Asterra's representations that they would be able, among other things, to provide funding and basic product inventory management and fulfillment services in the new relationship.
- 29. But for these representations, MC Botanicals would never have been entered into the Manufacturing and Distribution Contract.
- 30. Based on verbal agreements and confirmatory writings, the parties started performing the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement in February 2025. The Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement was executed formally on May 2, 2025.

Asterra Fails to Fulfill Its Obligations, and MC Moves to Cover at Its Own Expense

- 31. Within weeks of entering into the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement, it was clear to MC Botanicals that Asterra was in breach of its performance obligations.
 - 32. Among other things, Asterra:
 - a. Failed to timely fund and fulfill Purchase Orders.

- b. Failed to maintain and produce accurate records of MC Botanicals Inventory. Repeated requests were made for accurate counts of MC Botanicals Inventory, and in each instance, Asterra's remedial efforts to provide accurate counts were unsuccessful.
- c. Upon and information and belief, lost MC Botanicals Inventory.
- d. Shipped more MC Botanicals Inventory to manufacturers then was called for by Purchase Orders.
- e. Repeatedly issued erroneous Asterra Invoices overcharging MC Botanicals (specifically, charging fees up front at the time of MC Botanicals' Inventory financing, rather than at the time of MC Botanicals' Inventory fulfillment).
- f. Failed to perform other normal and customary product fulfillment services, including, without limitation, inventory intake, packaging, and quality control.
- 33. MC Botanicals provided Asterra with timely notice of each of these breaches.
- 34. To salvage the relationship, MC quickly moved to cover for Asterra's performance failures under the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement.
- 35. Beginning in February 2025, MC Nutraceuticals sent its then Senior Account Manager, Mr. McConnell, to North Carolina to embed with Asterra and salvage Asterra's product fulfillment program.

- 36. What was estimated to be a stint of a week or two in North Carolina for Mr. McConnell turned into months, given the number and extent of the issues that came to light regarding Asterra's fulfillment capacities. MC's expectation was that Asterra would reimburse MC Nutraceuticals for Mr. McConnell's compensation and travel expenses, given that Asterra was relying heavily on Mr. McConnell to perform Asterra's duties under the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement.
- 37. Indeed, during this period, every time Mr. McConnell tried to return to work at MC Nutraceuticals, new issues at Asterra would arise, and Mr. McConnell would be sent back to North Carolina for triage.
- 38. Ultimately, Asterra requested that Mr. McConnell stay in North Carolina to manage their operations; MC agreed, with the expectation that Asterra would reimburse MC Nutraceuticals for the months Mr. McConnell had traveled back and forth to North Carolina to assist Asterra in the performance of its duties. During these weeks that turned into months, Mr. McConnell remained on MC Nutraceuticals' payroll.
- 39. Mr. McConnell's presence was not enough, however to cover fully for Asterra's breaches. MC also sent Nick Pavlicek ("Mr. Pavlicek"), its contract manufacturing lead, to North Carolina to, among other things, assist with the accounting of MC Botanicals Inventory that Asterra had proven unable or unwilling to do correctly as required by the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement.
- 40. While in North Carolina, Mr. Pavlicek also flagged for MC for the first time that Asterra would not be able to manufacture and market finished goods at

scale, the contemplated next step in the MC-Asterra relationship. Among other things, Asterra was unable to produce finished goods at a price that would allow the company to sell to larger customers at competitive price points.

- 41. Over the course of months, MC personnel in North Carolina completed intake, reconciled accounting, and managed quality control for MC Botanicals Inventory and trained Asterra's staff, all at considerable and unanticipated cost and expense to MC.
- 42. In short, MC discovered countless issues with Asterra's inventory practices and quality control. Every issue representing a breach of the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement was timely noticed to Asterra.
- 43. During this period, subject to and relying on the non-disclosure and noncircumvention provisions of the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement, MC Botanicals provided Asterra access to its Microsoft Business Central Enterprise Resource Planning ("ERP") system for accounting, inventory and shipment tracking. The confidential and proprietary MC Botanicals information provided to Asterra through the ERP system included the following:
 - a. Customer lists for MC Botanicals, providing, among other things:
 - i. Names and contact information;
 - ii. Pricing information;
 - iii. Product preferences;
 - Product specifications, including, without limitation, chemical iv. compositions;

- v. Payment terms;
- vi. Transaction margins;
- vii. Purchase frequency; and
- viii. Relationship history and notes.
- b. Vendor lists for MC Botanicals, providing, among other things,
 - i. Names and contact information;
 - ii. Pricing information;
 - iii. SKUs purchased;
 - iv. Vendor-customer fit analyses;
 - v. Multi-jurisdictional regulatory compliance and harmonization analyses;
 - vi. Payment terms;
 - vii. Transaction margins;
 - viii. Purchase frequency; and
 - ix. Relationship history and notes.
- 44. The information provided to Asterra through the ERP system was limited to MC Botanicals information. The information provided did *not* include any general ledger information, financial statements, regulatory strategy, or customer or vendor profiles for MC Nutraceuticals, though Mr. McConnell did have access to that information as well throughout this period by virtue of his senior role at MC Nutraceuticals.

- 45. During this period, Asterra made numerous agreements with MC Botanicals regarding what Asterra, for its part, would do to correct its operations failures, but Asterra breached those agreements as quickly as it made them.
- 46. During this period, Rise Capital would interject itself to act as chief negotiator on behalf of Asterra in operations discussions, and in protracted negotiations regarding funding and pricing with MC Botanicals. Rise Capital would then suddenly withdraw from discussions, back away from negotiated terms, and defer to Asterra personnel, whipsawing MC Botanicals.
- 47. Upon information and belief, and as set forth further in the allegations to follow, Defendants' conduct throughout the Asterra bailout negotiations was in bad faith. Defendants had no intention of compensating MC for its efforts to cover for Asterra's defaults under the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement. Instead, on information and belief, Defendants were simply buying time, continuing to use MC to build Defendants' business, with the end goal of taking what they could from MC and driving MC out of the State.

With MC's Intervention and Oversight, Asterra's Revenues Skyrocket, and MC and Asterra Discuss the Next Phase of Their Commercial Relationship

- 48. Thanks to the assistance of MC personnel and MC's herculean efforts to cover for Asterra's deficiencies at MC's expense, Asterra's revenues doubled.
- 49. Asterra told MC that the first months of MC at the yoke of Asterra's operations were Asterra's best months ever.
- 50. In other words, thanks to MC, Asterra found industry footing, finally, after five years of operating as a failing enterprise.

- 51. MC Botanicals, for its part and despite all it had had to do to cover for Asterra's deficiencies, still considered continuing business with Asterra an attractive prospect on account of Rise Capital's powerful financial backing and inventory financing capabilities.
- 52. Accordingly, MC Botanicals, Rise Capital, and Asterra engaged in numerous discussions about possible mergers and roll-ups to combine MC's industry knowledge, national and international network, and regulatory support services with Asterra's financing capabilities through Rise Capital.
- 53. During these discussions, MC personnel in and outside of North Carolina continued to cover for Asterra's many operational deficiencies.
- 54. Upon information and belief, however, even as these discussions progressed, Defendants were conspiring to take what they could from MC, including trade secrets, personnel, and inventory, and drive MC out of North Carolina to establish Defendants' desired position as captains of the North Carolina cannabinoid industry.

<u>Defendants, Capitalizing on Cannabinoid Market Disruption in May 2025, Make</u> <u>Their Play Against MC</u>

- 55. In the second fiscal quarter of 2025, threatened regulatory changes in the Texas cannabinoid market contributed to a high degree of national market turbulence.
- 56. This market turbulence caused an average reduction in national hemp revenue of 40%, which lasted until the Governor of Texas vetoed the proposed regulatory changes, thanks in part to the advocacy of MC Botanicals officers and

other industry lobbyists. The market remains in turmoil even today, as the Governor's veto has sent the regulatory changes back to a legislative committee.

- 57. This market turbulence contributed to an acute, temporary disruption of MC's financing systems and cash flow.
- On information and belief, Asterra and Rise Capital saw their 58. opportunity to make a play against MC.
- Over Memorial Day Weekend 2025, MC Botanicals, because of MC's 59. cash flow disruption, was a few days late on making payment of Asterra Invoices.
- 60. Operating in good faith, MC Botanicals, going into Memorial Day Weekend, notified Asterra and Rise Capital that it would likely be late in paying Asterra Invoices in question because of MC's acute, temporary cash flow disruption.
- 61. Asterra and Rise Capital provided assurances that they would continue to perform their obligations during MC Botanicals' temporary delay in payment of Asterra Invoices.
- 62. On June 5, 2025, however, just days after the Asterra Invoices in question came due, Rise Capital told MC Botanicals—inconsistent with the prior assurances—that Asterra would not be performing its obligations under the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement or taking any further corrective measures related to defaults in its prior contractual performance.
- 63. In other words, Rise Capital used the minor and temporary payment delays as an excuse to cause Asterra to completely repudiate the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement.

64. Defendants did not ask MC Botanicals for further assurances that it could perform its contractual obligations of making payments on the Asterra Invoices with late-payment interest as contemplated by Section 3 of the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement, nor did they provide MC Botanicals any 30-day cure period, as would have been required if in fact MC Botanicals' days-long default in payment of Asterra Invoices was a material default, which MC Botanicals denies.

65. In fact, while MC Botanicals repeatedly told Defendants that it would be able to pay the Asterra Invoices relatively promptly, and that MC's cash flow issue was temporary, Defendants made it clear that they would *not* accept late payment with interest, as contemplated by Sections 3 and 9 of the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement.

66. Instead, Rise Capital and Asterra demanded that MC Botanicals pay \$50,000 a day if MC Botanicals wanted Asterra to perform its contractual obligations.

67. Rise Capital and Asterra further refused to credit MC Botanicals the estimated \$100,000 to \$150,000 worth of MC Botanicals Inventory missing from Asterra's possession as an offset to their demands for payment.

68. MC was taken by surprise by Asterra's total repudiation of its contractual obligations after only a few days' delinquency in MC Botanicals' payment obligations, and after months of MC Botanicals covering for Asterra's multiple failures to perform its obligations. Indeed, only the week before, MC Botanicals had been in intensive merger and roll-up discussions with Asterra and Rise Capital.

<u>Defendants Poach Mr. McConnell to Exploit His Access to MC's Trade Secrets and Confidential and Proprietary Information</u>

- Asterra to repudiate the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement, Mr. McConnell, who was still in North Carolina with Asterra providing operational support, suddenly provided notice to MC Nutraceuticals that he was resigning from MC Nutraceuticals. A copy of Mr. McConnell's notice to MC Nutraceuticals is attached hereto as Exhibit B and incorporated by reference herein.
- 70. Upon information and belief, as part of their play against MC, Asterra and Rise Capital had approached Mr. McConnell about leaving MC Nutraceuticals to join Asterra permanently and to lead the company's sales efforts. Asterra and Rise Capital understood how essential Mr. McConnell could be in helping them essentially take MC's business for themselves, and that Mr. McConnell had access to MC's valuable trade secrets and confidential and proprietary information.
- 71. Indeed, having risen to Senior Director of Sales for MC Nutraceuticals, Mr. McConnell had almost complete access to MC's sensitive, confidential, proprietary information related to the cannabinoid industry. This information included, without limitation:
 - a. Customer lists for MC Nutraceuticals and MC Botanicals, providing, among other things:
 - i. Names and contact information;
 - ii. Pricing information;
 - iii. Product preferences;

- iv. Product specifications, including, without limitation, chemical compositions, skew information; potency information;
- v. Manufacturing formulas and manufacturing practices for customerspecific cannabinoid blends, including concentration preferences for HHC; THCA isolate; Delta 8; Delta 9; CBD; CBC; CGB; and CBN and their respective variates;
- vi. Payment terms;
- vii. Transaction margins;
- viii. Purchase frequency; and
- ix. Relationship history and notes.
- b. Vendor lists for MC Nutraceuticals and MC Botanicals, providing, among other things:
 - i. Names and contact information;
 - ii. Pricing information;
 - iii. Skews purchased;
 - iv. Vendor-customer fit analyses;
 - v. Multi-jurisdictional regulatory compliance and harmonization analyses;
 - vi. Payment terms;
 - vii. Transaction margins;
 - viii. Purchase frequency; and
 - ix. Relationship history and notes;

- c. General ledgers and MC financial reports;
- d. All intercompany activity for MC Botanicals; and
- e. Global Regulatory and lobbying strategy documents for MC Nutraceuticals and MC Botanicals.
- 72. Mr. McConnell was bound by valid, enforceable post-employment restrictive covenants. For good and valuable consideration, he had previously entered into a Mutual Confidentiality Agreement with MC Nutraceuticals, effective April 17, 2023 (the "McConnell Employment Agreement"). A true and correct copy of the McConnell Employment Agreement is attached hereto as Exhibit C and incorporated by reference herein.
- 73. The McConnell Employment Agreement contains non-disclosure and non-solicitation provisions lasting for one (1) year following Mr. McConnell's termination or resignation from MC Nutraceuticals.
- 74. With respect to confidentiality and non-disclosure, the McConnell Employment Agreement provides as follows:

[Paragraph allegations continue on the following page]

1. DISCLOSURE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

As used in this Agreement, "Confidential Information" includes any information or data disclosed by Disclosing Party to the Receiving Party and which concerns the management and business of Disclosing Party, the business relationships and affairs of the Disclosing Party and its clients, the internal policies and procedures applicable to the Disclosing Party's personnel and the formulation of marketing strategies and policies. It also includes displays, designs, descriptions, procedures, formulas, discoveries, inventions, specifications, drawings, sketches, models, samples, codes, improvements, concepts, ideas, commercial agreements and past, present and future research, development, business activities, products or services that are proprietary to the Disclosing Party or to a third party to whom the Disclosing Party has a duty of confidentiality as well as any additional information the Disclosing Party may also designate as Confidential Information either orally or in writing. Such Confidential Information is covered by this Agreement whether or not it is disclosed to Receiving Party in written form and whether or not marked "Confidential" or, disclosed orally.

2. CONFIDENTIALITY COVENANTS

Receiving Party agrees to accept and receive Disclosing Party's Confidential Information under a covenant of confidentiality, establishing a fiduciary relationship between Disclosing Party and Receiving Party, in regard to the Confidential Information. Furthermore, Receiving Party hereby agrees to maintain and safeguard Disclosing Party's Confidential Information in the strictest of confidence (in a manner no less stringent than the measures they use for their own Confidential Information), using Confidential Information solely and exclusively for the purpose of evaluating the commercial potential with Disclosing Party. Receiving Party will not directly or indirectly use, take advantage of, or allow anyone to use or take advantage of, the Confidential Information for their own separate interests, or to compete against the Disclosing Party in any enterprise of a comparable or similar nature. Under no circumstances shall the Receiving Party or its employees or consultants make copies of the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information or remove such Confidential Information from their business premises without written permission.

3. CONFIDENTIALITY COVENANTS -- EXEMPTIONS

Confidential Information shall not include information that (i) is or becomes available to the public other than by disclosure by the Receiving Party in violation of this Agreement; (ii) was demonstrably known to Receiving Party previously with no obligation to hold it in confidence; (iii) is independently developed by either party without recourse to the Confidential Information, or (iv) was rightfully obtained by either party from a third party without an obligation of confidentiality.

4. MATERIALS SHALL REMAIN PROPERTY OF DISCLOSING PARTY

All materials, including, without limitation, documents, displays, drawings, models, presentations, apparatus, sketches, designs and lists furnished to Receiving Party by Disclosing Party in furtherance of this Agreement shall remain the property of Disclosing Party. Upon written notice of termination from the Disclosing Party, the Receiving Party shall, as requested by the Disclosing Party, immediately return all Confidential Information to Disclosing Party or destroy such materials and all copies thereof. This Agreement does not grant Receiving Party any license to use Disclosing Party's Confidential Information

- 75. With respect to non-solicitation, the McConnell Employment Agreement provides that Mr. McConnell may not directly or indirectly solicit MC customers.
- 76. Upon information and belief, Asterra and Rise Capital knew or should have known of the McConnell Employment Agreement and that Mr. McConnell was subject to restrictive covenants similar to those contained in Section 10 of the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement, which prohibited him from sharing confidential or proprietary information or trade secrets and from soliciting MC customers. Despite this knowledge, Asterra and Rise Capital procured Mr. McConnell's breach of his obligations under the McConnell Employment Agreement and have since approached other senior MC employees about leaving, in direct violation of their similar agreements with MC.
- 77. Asterra and Rise Capital have already benefited from Mr. McConnell's access to MC Nutraceuticals trade secrets and proprietary and confidential information, access to which they were never entitled, and from Mr. McConnell's access to MC Botanicals trade secrets and proprietary and confidential information, access to which they were only selectively entitled. Indeed, based on MC's preliminary investigation and Defendants' recent statements, Defendants are currently using MC Nutraceuticals' customer lists to solicit business, and further using the financial information and regulatory strategy information of MC Nutraceuticals and MC Botanicals as leverage in this dispute. Among other things, evidence show that:
 - a. Asterra is using MC Botanicals and MC Nutraceuticals customer and vendor lists to solicit vendors and customers.

- b. Mr. McConnell, as an agent for Asterra, has solicited business from Golden Hour Hemp, an MC Customer, in violation of the non-solicitation provisions of the McConnell Employment Agreement and of Asterra's noncircumvention obligations under the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement.
- c. Asterra and Rise Capital are attempting to use highly confidential MC Botanicals and MC Nutraceuticals financial information and regulatory strategy information to coerce MC to capitulate to its demands for \$50,000 a day..
- d. Mr. McConnell, as an agent for Asterra, has solicited business from Golden Hour Hemp, an MC Customer, in violation of the McConnell Employment Agreement and of Asterra's obligations under the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement.
- 78. MC Nutraceuticals has been irreparably harmed, and will face further irreparable harm, absent an injunction of Mr. McConnell's breaches of the Employment Agreement and Asterra's breaches of the non-disclosure and non-circumvention provisions of the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement, prohibiting Defendants from accessing or using further MC's confidential and proprietary information and trade secrets in Defendants' possession.

Defendants Take the MC Botanicals Inventory for Themselves

79. At the same time Defendants were repudiating the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement and procuring Mr. McConnell's breaches of his Employment

Agreement, they also were converting the MC Botanicals Inventory, title to which belonged to MC Botanicals pursuant to the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement, for themselves.

- 80. While refusing to account for the MC Botanicals Inventory in their possession, Defendants made it clear that they would not release any MC Botanicals Inventory to MC Botanicals, or even recognize MC Botanicals' interest in the MC Botanicals Inventory, until MC Botanicals capitulated to Defendants' demands.
- 81. Defendants even began attempting to sell away the MC Botanicals Inventory for their exclusive benefit, in violation of the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement and applicable law. Upon information and belief, Defendants have been successful in selling at least some of the MC Botanicals Inventory.
- 82. These efforts were crude, and, upon information and belief, included Rep. John Bell, Asterra's President, attempting to sell MC Botanicals Inventory on LinkedIn:

[Paragraph allegations continue on the following page]



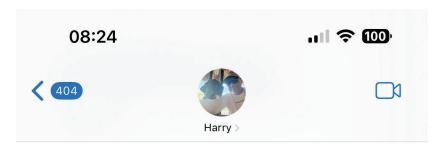
83. MC Botanicals has made repeated demands that Defendants account for and return the MC Botanicals Inventory, which demands Defendants have to date rejected.

Defendants Threaten to Use Their Powerful North Carolina Networks to Have The Worleys Prosecuted and Thrown In Jail if MC Refuses to Capitulate to Defendants'

<u>Demands</u>

- 84. Defendants did not stop there. In the weeks leading up to the filing of the instant lawsuit, Defendants, including through direct communications from Rise Capital President Harry Smith, threatened to use Defendants' powerful North Carolina networks to have MC's principals investigated, prosecuted, and thrown in jail if they did not immediately capitulate to Defendants' demands for payment, release from any contractual obligations, and title to the MC Botanicals Inventory.
- 85. The following is but a sampling of the threats from Harry Smith, on behalf of Rise Capital and Asterra, sent via text to Jeff Worley:

[Paragraph allegations continue on the following page]



Mon, Jun 16 at 14:47

i'm going to put you and your son in jail - hitting private investigators and opposition research teams today. You buckle up Jeff - I will see you and your unstable son in a court room. It's all principle to me - right versus wrong - you guys are absolute frauds. You picked the wrong guy and the wrong company to try and steal from. Buckle up / see you in depositions

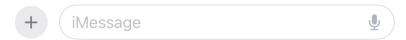
hiring

Tue, Jun 24 at 06:16

we have more than enough to get BOTH of you criminally charged and we are going to do that - pay us or go to prison right here in the great state of NC Jeff - no reply needed.

Today 07:15

Jeff - I'm beyond confidant that you both get convicted of a felony(s) and I'm beyond convinced we will be able to come after you both personally on the civil side. Pay your bills or I can't help you - once the civil and criminal investigation begins there is no stopping it. Spending 10 years in prison in NC isn't a great retirement plan



- 86. In an email dated July 2, 2025 from Defendants' counsel, Defendants reiterated these threats to cause law enforcement to prosecute the Worleys if MC refused to capitulate to Defendants' demands. A copy of this correspondence is attached hereto as Exhibit D and incorporated by reference herein.
- 87. Defendants also sent so-called evidence preservation letters to a number of personal and professional associates of Bret and Jeff Worley repeating Defendants' same baseless claims against the Worleys in an attempt to further intimidate the Worleys into capitulating to Defendants' unlawful demands.
- 88. Defendants' threats are baseless and improper and constitute substantial aggravating circumstances, subjecting Defendants to extra-contractual liability as set forth herein.
- 89. MC refuses to capitulate to these improper demands, and brings the instant lawsuit seeking damages and immediate injunctive relief.

CAUSES OF ACTION

Count One - Breach of Contract

(Against Asterra for Its Breaches of the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement)

- 90. The allegations contained in the prior paragraphs are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference as if set forth verbatim herein.
- 91. The Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement is a valid and enforceable contract between MC Botanicals and Asterra.
- 92. MC Botanicals has substantially complied with its material duties and obligations under the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement, including going above and beyond its duties and obligations to attempt to cover for Asterra's

numerous breaches, and has satisfied all conditions precedent to recovering the relief sought in this action.

- 93. Asterra has materially breached its express and implied contractual obligations to MC Botanicals under the Manufacturing Distribution Agreement as set forth herein and as may be shown at trial, including, without limitation, by:
 - a. Failing to timely finance and fulfill MC Botanicals Purchase Orders;
 - Failing to maintain and produce accurate records of MC Botanicals
 Inventory;
 - c. Losing MC Botanicals Inventory;
 - d. Improperly selling away MC Botanicals Inventory;
 - e. Issuing erroneous Asterra Invoices overcharging MC Botanicals;
 - f. Failing to perform other normal and customary product fulfillment services, including, without limitation, inventory intake, packaging, and quality control;
 - g. Refusing to compensate or reimburse MC for MC's efforts to cover for Asterra's ongoing failures to perform its contractual obligations;
 - h. Violating its non-disclosure and non-circumvention provisions; and
 - i. Failing to provide MC Botanicals a 30-day period to cure payment defaults, if and to the extent those defaults were material;
 - j. Soliciting business from Golden Hour Hemp in violation of the noncircumvention obligations under the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement; and

- k. Unlawfully repudiating and terminating the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement;
- 94. MC Botanicals has suffered and continues to suffer damages, in an amount to be proved at trial as a direct and proximate cause of Asterra's breaches of its obligations under the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement.

Count Two – Breach of Contract McConnell for His Breaches of His Employment Agreement

(Against Mr. McConnell for His Breaches of His Employment Agreement)

- 95. The allegations contained in the prior paragraphs are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference as if set forth verbatim herein.
- 96. The McConnell Employment Agreement is a valid and enforceable contract between MC Nutraceuticals and Mr. McConnell.
- 97. MC Nutraceuticals has complied with its duties and obligations under the McConnell Employment Agreement, and has satisfied all conditions precedent to recovering the relief sought in this action.
- 98. Mr. McConnell has materially breached his express and implied contractual obligations to MC Nutraceuticals under the McConnell Employment Agreement as set forth herein and as may be shown at trial, including, without limitation, by directly and indirectly soliciting MC customers, including Golden Hour Hemp, an MC customer, on Asterra's behalf, and by misappropriating the following information:
 - a. Customer lists for MC Nutraceuticals and MC Botanicals, providing, among other things:
 - i. Names and contact information:

- ii. Pricing information;
- iii. Product preferences;
- iv. Product specifications, including, without limitation, chemical compositions, skew information; potency information;
- v. Manufacturing formulas and manufacturing practices for customerspecific cannabinoid blends, including concentration preferences for HHC; THCA isolate; Delta 8; Delta 9; CBD; CBC; CGB; and CBN and their respective variates;
- vi. Payment terms;
- vii. Transaction margins;
- viii. Purchase frequency; and
- ix. Relationship history and notes.
- b. Vendor lists for MC Nutraceuticals and MC Botanicals, providing, among other things:
 - i. Names and contact information;
 - ii. Pricing information;
 - iii. Skews purchased;
 - iv. Vendor-customer fit analyses;
 - v. Multi-jurisdictional regulatory compliance and harmonization analyses;
 - vi. Payment terms;
 - vii. Transaction margins;

- viii. Purchase frequency; and
- ix. Relationship history and notes;
- c. General ledgers and MC financial reports;
- d. Global Regulatory and lobbying strategy documents for MC Nutraceuticals and MC Botanicals.
- 99. MC Nutraceuticals has suffered and continues to suffer damages, in an amount to be proved at trial as a direct and proximate cause of Mr. McConnell's breaches of his obligations under the McConnell Employment Agreement.

<u>Count Three – Breach of Implied Duty of Good Faith and Fair Dealing</u>
(Against Asterra and Mr. McConnell for Breaches of their Respective Agreements)

- 100. The allegations contained in the prior paragraphs are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference as if set forth verbatim herein.
- 101. Asterra and Mr. McConnell had implied duties of good faith and fair dealing with MC Botanicals and MC Nutraceuticals, respectively, in connection with the performance of the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement and the McConnell Employment Agreement, respectively.
- 102. Asterra and Mr. McConnell have breached their duties of good faith and fair dealing as set forth herein and as will be shown at trial.
- 103. Plaintiffs have suffered and continued to suffer damages, in amount to be provided at trial as a direct and proximate cause of Asterra and Mr. McConnell's breaches of their implied duties of good faith and fair dealing.

<u>Count Four – Unjust Enrichment</u> (Against Asterra and Mr. McConnell, in the Alternative)

- 104. The allegations contained in the prior paragraphs are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference as if set forth verbatim herein.
- 105. Asterra holds money and property that in equity and good conscience belongs to MC Botanicals
- 106. Mr. McConnell holds money and property that in equity and good conscience belongs to MC Nutraceuticals,.
- 107. Asterra and Mr. McConnell would be unjustly enriched if permitted to retain the benefit of the wrongfully held money and property.
- 108. Asterra and Mr. McConnell have been unjustly enriched to Plaintiffs' detriment in an amount to be proved at trial as a direct and proximate cause of Asterra and Mr. McConnell's unlawful actions.

Count Five – Tortious Interference with Contract and/or Prospective Economic Advantage (Against Rise Capital)

- 109. The allegations contained in the prior paragraphs are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference as if set forth verbatim herein.
- 110. The Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement is a valid agreement between MC Botanicals and Asterra.
- 111. Rise Capital is not a party to the Distribution Agreement, but is fully aware of its terms.
- 112. Rise Capital has taken actions to prevent Asterra from performing its obligations under the Distribution Agreement, in an effort to gain personal advantage

and/or to impair the contractual rights and prospective economic advantage of MC Botanicals.

- 113. Rise Capital acted without justification in procuring Asterra's breaches of these agreements because its motives were not reasonably related to the protection of a legitimate business interest, but rather were based on malice.
- 114. MC Botanicals has been damaged by the tortious actions of Rise Capital, as set forth herein and as will be further shown at trial, in an amount to be determined.
- 115. The above-described conduct also justifies the imposition of punitive damages under applicable law.

Count Six – Tortious Interference with Contract and/or Prospective Economic Advantage (Against Rise Capital and Asterra)

- 116. The allegations contained in the prior paragraphs are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference as if set forth verbatim herein.
- 117. The McConnell Employment Agreement is a valid agreement between MC Nutraceuticals and Mr. McConnell.
- Agreement, but, upon information and belief, are fully aware or should have been aware of its terms. Upon information and belief Rise Capital and Asterra have benefitted from Mr. McConnell's access to MC trade secrets and proprietary and confidential information, including, without limitation, customer and inventory lists

and MC financial records, in direct violation of the McConnell Employment Agreement.

- 119. Rise Capital has taken actions to prevent Asterra from performing its obligations under the Distribution Agreement, in an effort to gain personal advantage and/or to impair the contractual rights and prospective economic advantage of MC Botanicals.
- 120. Rise Capital acted without justification in procuring Asterra's breaches of these agreements because its motives were not reasonably related to the protection of a legitimate business interest, but rather were based on malice.
- 121. MC Botanicals has been damaged by the tortious actions of Rise Capital, as set forth herein and as will be further shown at trial, in an amount to be determined.
- 122. The above-described conduct also justifies the imposition of punitive damages under applicable law.

Count Seven – State Misappropriation of Trade Secrets

- 123. The allegations contained in the prior paragraphs are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference as if set forth verbatim herein.
- 124. Plaintiffs are the owners of certain trade secrets and proprietary information (collectively, "Trade Secrets"), including, without limitation:
 - a. Customer lists providing, among other things:
 - i. Names and contact information;
 - ii. Pricing information;

- iii. Product preferences;
- iv. Product specifications, including, without limitation, chemical compositions, skew information; potency information;
- v. Manufacturing formulas and manufacturing practices for customerspecific cannabinoid blends, including concentration preferences for HHC; THCA isolate; Delta 8; Delta 9; CBD; CBC; CGB; and CBN and their respective variates;
- vi. Payment terms;
- vii. Transaction margins;
- viii. Purchase frequency; and
- ix. Relationship history and notes.
- b. Vendor lists providing, among other things:
 - i. Names and contact information;
 - ii. Pricing information;
 - iii. Skews purchased;
 - iv. Vendor-customer fit analyses;
 - v. Multi-jurisdictional regulatory compliance and harmonization analyses;
 - vi. Payment terms;
 - vii. Transaction margins;
 - viii. Purchase frequency; and
 - ix. Relationship history and notes;

- c. General ledgers and financial reports;
- d. Regulatory and lobbying strategy documents.
- 125. The Trade Secrets constitute business and technical information deriving independent actual or potential commercial value from not being generally known or readily ascertainable through independent development or reverse engineering by persons who can obtain economic value from its disclosure or use.
 - 126. Defendants knew or should have known of the Trade Secrets.
- 127. The Trade Secrets are not known or made available to the public, nor are they readily ascertainable through independent development.
- 128. Plaintiffs take reasonable measures to protect the Trade Secrets from disclosure, including but not limited to:
 - Instituting and enforcing security measures to protect data through logins and passwords;
 - Requiring non-disclosure agreements, such as the agreements in the McConnell Employment Agreement and Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement, to protect Trade Secrets from disclosure;
 - c. Instituting and enforcing appropriate policies concerning Trade Secrets;
 - d. Training/warning employees and contractors with regard to protection of Trade Secrets; and
 - e. Appropriately marking documents containing Trade Secrets as "Confidential" and/or "Proprietary."

- 129. Asterra and Mr. McConnell had specific opportunities to acquire the Trade Secrets during their business and contractual relationships with Plaintiffs in which Plaintiffs entrusted Asterra and Mr. McConnell with copies of and/or access to Trade Secret information in furtherance of the contractual relationships of the parties and the various written agreements between and among the parties.
- 130. Asterra and Mr. McConnell did in fact acquire and use the Trade Secrets for their own and separate benefit without Plaintiffs' express or implied consent or authority, and thereby misappropriated Plaintiffs' trade secrets within the meaning of N.C. Gen. Stat. Section 66-152 et seq.
- 131. Plaintiffs upon motion are entitled to a temporary restraining order and preliminary injunction against the continued misappropriation and misuse of the Trade Secrets pursuant to N.C. Gen Stat. Section 66-154(a).
- 132. Because the actions of Asterra and Mr. McConnell have and will cause irreparable injury to Plaintiffs, Plaintiffs upon motion are entitled to have Defendants' misappropriation, disclosure, and use of the Trade Secrets enjoined by this Court, and all such Trade Secrets, in tangible form, returned to MC Nutraceuticals and MC Botanicals, as applicable, and all documents and things created from the Trade Secrets destroyed.
- 133. Plaintiffs have suffered actual damages proximately caused by Asterra and Mr. McConnell's misappropriation of the Trade Secrets in an amount to be proven at trial pursuant to N.C. Gen. Stat. Section 66-154(b).

- 134. Asterra and Mr. McConnell's misappropriation of Trade Secrets was willful and wanton, and Plaintiffs are entitled to recover punitive damages from Asterra and Mr. McConnell, accordingly, pursuant to N.C. Gen. Stat. Section 66-154(c).
- Asterra and Mr. McConnell's misappropriation of Trade Secrets was also in bad faith, and Plaintiffs are therefore entitled to recover attorneys' fees from Defendants' pursuant to N.C. Gen. Stat. Section 66-154(d).

Count Eight – Federal Misappropriation of Trade Secrets

- 136. The allegations contained in the prior paragraphs are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference as if set forth verbatim herein.
- The Trade Secrets are related to products and services intended for 137. interstate commerce and meet the definition of "trade secret" under 18 U.S.C. Section 1839(3).
- The conduct of Asterra and Mr. McConnell, as alleged herein, constitutes misappropriation of trade secrets in violation of the Defend Trade Secrets Act, 18 U.S.C. Section 1836(b).
- The conduct of Asterra and Mr. McConnell, as alleged herein, has caused and will continue to cause damage to MC Botanicals and MC Nutraceuticals, respectively, for which each is entitled to recover in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 140. The conduct of Asterra and Mr. McConnell is knowing, willful, malicious, and in reckless disregard of the rights of MC Botanicals and MC Nutraceuticals' rights, respectively. Accordingly, each of MC Botanicals and MC

Nutraceuticals is entitled to recover from Asterra and Mr. McConnell, respectively, exemplary damages of up to two times its actual damages, plus attorneys' fees, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1836(b)(3) and other applicable law.

141. In addition to its recovery of monetary damages, and because the actions of Asterra and Mr. McConnell have and will cause irreparable harm to MC Botanicals and MC Nutraceuticals, respectively, each of MC Botanicals and MC Nutraceuticals is entitled to have Asterra and Mr. McConnell's respective misappropriation, disclosure, and use of the Trade Secrets enjoined by this Court upon motion, and all such Trade Secrets, in tangible form, returned to MC Botanicals and MC Nutraceuticals, respectively, and all documents and things created from the Trade Secrets destroyed.

<u>Count Ten – Unfair and Deceptive Trade Practices</u> (Against All Defendants)

- 142. The allegations contained in the prior paragraphs are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference as if set forth verbatim herein.
 - 143. Defendants' actions were, in whole or in part, in and affecting commerce.
- 144. Defendants' actions, as set forth above and as may be proved at trial of this action, violate Chapter 75 of the North Carolina General Statutes, as they constitute unfair and deceptive trade practices.
- 145. Defendants agreed and conspired to carry out the actions in question, and at all pertinent times, Defendants acted on behalf of themselves and one another.
- 146. As a direct and proximate result of these unfair, deceptive, and unlawful acts, MC Botanicals has suffered damages in an amount to be proved at trial.

- Defendants have willfully engaged in the acts or practices alleged herein, and there has been an unwarranted refusal by Defendants to fully resolve the matter which constitutes the basis of this suit.
- Defendants conduct, including, without limitation, their baseless and improper threats against Plaintiffs' principals, constitute substantial aggravating circumstances.
- Pursuant to N.C. Gen. Stat. § 75-1.1 et seq., MC Botanicals is entitled to 149. recover from Defendants costs and attorneys' fees in connection with this action, as well as treble damages.

RELIEF REQUESTED

Plaintiffs respectfully asks this Court to award it the following relief:

- That the Court grant Plaintiffs' to-be-filed motion for a temporary 1. restraining order pursuant to Rule 65 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and enjoin Mr. McConnell, his agents, and those persons in active concert or participation with him who have actual notice of the order, upon motion, from engaging in the following restricted acts in violation of the covenants contained in the McConnell Employment Agreement, including, without limitation, (a) soliciting, directly or indirectly, MC customers; and (b) misappropriating MC's Trade Secrets and confidential and proprietary information.
- 2. In aid of Plaintiffs' preliminary injunction proceedings, that the Court allow Plaintiffs to seek expedited discovery regarding Mr. McConnell's

activities for and on behalf of Asterra and/or Rise Capital, as well as his access to and use of Trade Secrets and other confidential and proprietary information of Plaintiffs.

- 3. Preliminarily and permanently restrain and enjoin (a) Mr. McConnell; (b) his agents; and (c) those persons in active concert or participation with him who have actual notice of the order from further violations of the restrictive covenants contained in the McConnell Employment Agreement during the pendency of this action or the expiration of the respective covenants (as tolled), whichever is shorter.
- 4. That the Court further enjoin Asterra, its agents, and those persons in active concert or participation with it who have actual notice of the order from engaging in the following restricted acts in violation of the covenants contained in the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement, including, without limitation, (a) soliciting, directly or indirectly, MC customers; and (b) misappropriating MC's Trade Secrets and confidential and proprietary information.
- In aid of Plaintiffs' preliminary injunction proceedings, that the Court 5. allow Plaintiffs to seek expedited discovery regarding Asterra's activities in violation of the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement, as well as its access to and use of Trade Secrets and other confidential and proprietary information of Plaintiffs.

- 6. Preliminarily and permanently restrain and enjoin (a) Asterra; (b) its agents; and (c) those persons in active concert or participation with Asterra who have actual notice of the order from further violations of the restrictive covenants contained in the Manufacturing and Distribution Agreement during the pendency of this action or the expiration of the respective covenants (as tolled), whichever is shorter.
- 7. That the Court further enjoin all Defendants from using, distributing, publishing, and/or failing to protect Plaintiffs' respective Trade Secrets and confidential and proprietary information;
- 8. That Plaintiffs recover all compensatory and statutory damages to which they are entitled against Defendants;
- 9. That the Court order Defendants, jointly and severally, to pay Plaintiffs treble damages, punitive damages, and/or exemplary damages as a result of Defendants' unfair and deceptive trade practices and other intentional misconduct, to the fullest extent allowed by law;
- 10. That the Court impose a constructive trust over the MC Botanicals
 Inventory in Asterra's possession;
- That the Court enjoin Asterra from selling or otherwise disposing of the MC Botanicals Inventory;
- 12. That the costs of this action be taxed against Defendants;
- 13. That Plaintiffs recover reasonable attorneys' fees in connection with this action, as allowed under North Carolina law;

- 14. That Plaintiffs have a trial by jury of all issues so triable; and
- 15. That Plaintiffs be awarded such further and additional relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

[No further text on this page]

This the 7th day of July 2025.

PARRY LAW, PLLC

By: /s/ Jonah Garson

K. Alan Parry

State Bar No. 31343

Amos Tyndall

State Bar No. 19309

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agt@parryfirm.com jag@parryfirm.com

COUNSEL FOR PLAINTIFFS MC BOTANICALS, LLC AND MCNUTRACEUTICALS, LLC

VERIFICATION

Bret Worley declares under penalty of perjury the following:

I am over eighteen years of age; I have not been declared incompetent; I am a

manager of MC Botanicals, LLC and MC Nutraceuticals, LLC; I am authorized to

make verifications on behalf of each of MC Botanicals, LLC and MC Nutraceuticals,

LLC; I have read the foregoing Verified Complaint; the Verified Complaint was

prepared with the advice and assistance of counsel upon which I relied; the contents

thereof are true of my own knowledge or based upon records in the possession and

custody of MC Botanicals, LLC and/or MC Nutraceuticals and, therefore, within my

knowledge, and as to those instances in which allegations are made upon information

and belief, are true to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of

America the foregoing is true and correct.

This the 7th day of July, 2025.

MC BOTANICALS, LLC

By:

Name: Bret Worley

Bret Worley

Title: Manager

MC NUTRACEUTICALS, LLC

Bret Worley

By:

Name: Bret Worley

Title: Manager

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT C

EXHIBIT D



25 07 07 Complaint (Final).pdf Title

25%2007%2007%20Co...20%28Final%29.pdf File name 7d2bee4b2f029b0ebc140965d41459a7a5606603 **Document ID**

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Signed Status

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Document History

SENT	07 / 07 / 2025 19:25:17 UTC	Sent for signature to Bret Worley (bret@mcnutraceuticals.com) from jag@parryfirm.com IP: 75.7.143.237
VIEWED	07 / 07 / 2025 19:25:32 UTC	Viewed by Bret Worley (bret@mcnutraceuticals.com) IP: 67.190.98.134
SIGNED	07 / 07 / 2025 19:25:42 UTC	Signed by Bret Worley (bret@mcnutraceuticals.com) IP: 67.190.98.134
COMPLETED	07 / 07 / 2025 19:25:42 UTC	The document has been completed.

EXHIBIT A

MANUFACTURING AND SUPPLY AGREEMENT

THIS MANUFACTURING AND SUPPLY AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is dated as of May 2nd, 2025 ("Effective Date") and is made between Asterra Labs, LLC, a North Carolina limited liability company ("Supplier") having its offices at 800 Cook Road, Nashville, NC 27856 and MC Botanicals, LLC, a North Carolina limited liability company ("Purchaser") having its offices at PO Box 1135 Argyle, TX 76226. "Party" means a party to this Agreement and any reference to a Party includes its successors and permitted assigns and "Parties" means every Party.

RECITALS:

- Supplier is a supplier of certain materials and ingredients ("Products", as that term is defined herein) that A. can be included into cannabis-based consumer health and wellness products;
- B. Supplier desires to sell and Purchaser desires to purchase Products and Distribute on behalf of Supplier on and subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements hereinafter contained, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt, adequacy and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties agree as follows:

- 1. Supply of Products. Purchaser hereby agrees to purchase Products as set forth in a Purchase Order (as defined below) and associated invoice, subject to and in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement.
- 2. Purchase Transactions. Purchaser shall issue purchase orders to Supplier for Product during the Term (each, a "Purchase Order") in accordance with Supplier's then-current policies and processes. By issuing a Purchase Order to Supplier, Purchaser makes an offer to purchase Products under the terms and conditions of this Agreement and Supplier's invoice ("Supplier Invoice") issued to Purchaser in relation to such Purchase Orders and on no other terms. Purchaser shall pay to Supplier purchase prices in accordance with payment details set out in Supplier Invoice.
- 3. Payment. Payment shall be due within thirty (30) days of the date of the Supplier Invoice. Purchaser shall provide payment to Supplier for each Supplier invoice via ACH, wire transfer, cash, or credit card or as set forth in a given Supplier Invoice. Purchaser shall pay interest on all late payments, calculated daily and compounded monthly, at the lesser rate of 1.5% per month or the highest rate permissible under applicable law. Notwithstanding any such Purchase Order, the terms of this Agreement and/or Supplier Invoice shall govern any purchase transactions, and Purchaser shall be deemed to accept such invoice terms upon pick-up of Products by Purchaser. Except as otherwise agreed in writing by both Parties, in the event of a conflict or inconsistency between any provision of this Agreement, any Purchase Order or Supplier Invoice, the following order of priority will apply: (i) Supplier Invoice; (ii) the terms of this Agreement; (iii) Purchase Orders.
 - 3.1 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Parties agree and acknowledge that for each Unit sold by Purchaser pursuant to this Agreement, Purchaser shall compensate Supplier at a rate of fifty and no/100 dollars (\$50.00) per Unit ("Unit Price"). For purposes of this Subparagraph 3.1, the term "Unit" is defined to mean a single quantity of an item. By way of example and not limitation, one (1) kilogram of delta-9 distillate shall mean one Unit, or one (1) pound of hemp flower shall mean one Unit.
 - 3.2 The Parties agree that the Unit Price as set forth in Subsection 3.1 shall be renegotiated between the Parties no earlier than forty-five (45) days after the mutual execution of this Agreement.
 - As a condition of the payment terms above, a credit facility from Supplier shall be established for 3.3 Purchaser upon the execution of this agreement in the amount of two million, five hundred thousand and no/dollars (\$2,500,000.00).

- 4. Transportation, Title and Risk of Loss. Supplier shall be responsible for all shipping and/or delivery expenses to its facility. With the exception of Product Samples, which shall be borne exclusively by Purchasers, Supplier shall be responsible for the cost of shipping expenses to Purchaser's customers. Title to Products and risk of loss or damage shall pass from Supplier to Purchaser's customers upon receipt at Purchasers customer's facility.
- 5. Inspection. Purchaser shall inspect the Products received under this Agreement and conduct its own in-house testing of the Products within five (5) days of receipt from Supplier's facility ("Inspection Period") and notify Supplier within the Inspection Period in the event of a Non-Conforming Product. "Nonconforming Products" means any Products received by Purchaser from Supplier pursuant to a Purchase Order that do not conform to the type or quantity listed in the applicable Purchase Order. If Purchaser determines that such Products are Nonconforming Products, as Purchaser's sole remedy with respect to Nonconforming Products, Supplier shall either: (i) replace such Nonconforming Products with conforming Products; or (ii) refund to Purchaser such amount paid by Purchaser to Supplier for such Nonconforming Products returned by Purchaser to Supplier; provided however, Supplier shall not be obligated to replace Nonconforming Products or provide refund in the event of a breach by Purchaser of this Agreement or written instructions provided by Supplier with respect to storage, shipping and handling of the Products. Supplier shall provide 3rd party full panel results from KCA Labs, or a lab mutually agreed upon by Supplier and Purchaser on any lots provided to Purchaser. Purchaser agrees to use 3rd party results provided as the sole basis for the determination of Nonconforming Products for all specifications outlined in the 3rd party test. In the event that Purchaser desires to Purchase Products from Supplier prior to Supplier's ability to provide 3rd party full panel results, Purchaser, with written notice to Supplier, may waive such 3rd party full panel results requirements and purchase Products from Purchaser on analytics derived from Purchaser's in-house testing and Purchaser will not have the right to reject products or declare a Non-Conforming Product based on full panel results from a third-party lab. All Products are sold as work-in-process material, and the Supplier disclaims any warranty of fitness for human consumption of Products, which the Buyer expressly acknowledges and accepts. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event Supplier receives Nonconforming Products from a vendor, Purchaser agrees to assist Supplier in obtaining conforming products in order to recover its losses or provide Purchaser with conforming products.
- 6. Force Majeure. Neither party shall be liable for delays in or for failures to perform hereunder (other than a payment obligation) due to causes beyond its reasonable control, including acts of God, acts or omissions of the other party or a third party, labour disputes, acts of civil or military authorities, fire, strikes, power surges or outages, epidemics, flood, earthquakes, riot, or war. Each party shall use commercially reasonable efforts to provide the other party with notice of any such events and recommence performance as soon as is practicably
- 7. Responsibilities of the Parties. Each Party shall provide to the other Party, and shall cause its representatives to provide any documents, data or other information that: (a) have been reasonably requested by a Party and is reasonably required by such Party to perform its services and obligations hereunder; (b) are required for such Party to meet terms and conditions imposed by any governmental entity; or (c) are required by such Party to comply with applicable laws. Supplier represents and warrants that (a) it holds all necessary rights and licenses to produce and sell the Products in accordance with this Agreement; (b) it shall comply with all laws applicable to such Party and its manufacture, sale, and distribution of the Products as a work-in-process material that is not fit for human consumption. Purchaser represents and warrants that (a) it holds all necessary rights and licenses to purchase and sell the Products in accordance with this Agreement; (b) it shall comply with all laws applicable to such Party and its sale, purchase and/or use of the Products.
- 8. Recall. At all times, in the event that: (a) any governmental or regulatory entity issues a request, directive or order that a Product be recalled; or (b) a court of competent jurisdiction orders such a recall; or (c) Supplier reasonably determines that a Product should be recalled because the Product does not conform to applicable laws, or reasonably raised safety issues or concerns with the Products (each, a "Recall"), the Parties shall take all appropriate corrective actions reasonably requested by the other Party hereto or by any governmental or regulatory entity or court and the Parties agree to use commercially reasonable efforts in good faith to cooperate with and assist each other, including with any Recall or notice and with the required reporting and record-keeping as requested, in accordance with the investigating and reporting obligations prescribed by applicable laws; provided

however, Supplier shall not be responsible or liable for any actions or costs arising from or relating to a Recall in the event a Recall relates to Purchaser's sale of the Products in non-compliance with applicable laws.

- Term and Termination. The term of this Agreement will begin on the Effective Date and will expire on the date that is one (1) year after the Effective Date unless terminated earlier (the "Initial Term"). This Agreement will automatically renew for succeeding terms of one (1) year unless either Party provides written notice of nonrenewal at least thirty (30) days prior to the expiration of the then-current term (each, a "Renewal Term" and together with Initial Term, the "Term"). Either Party may terminate this Agreement: (a) if the other Party has breached any material provision of the Agreement and such breach continues unremedied for a period of thirty (30) days after its receipt of written notice thereof from the other Party; (b) the other Party becomes the subject of bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or other similar proceedings; or (c) upon a Change of Control of the other Party. For purposes of this Agreement, a "Change of Control" means the acquisition of ownership, directly or indirectly, beneficially or of record, by any Person or group of equity interests representing more than fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate voting power represented by the issued and outstanding equity interests of that Party. If, at any time, Supplier in its reasonable discretion determines that Purchaser's financial condition or creditworthiness is such that Purchaser may be unable to meet its financial obligations under this Agreement, Supplier may terminate the Agreement upon thirty (30) days written notice, during which notice period, Supplier may pause the supply of Products pending receipt of documentation which adequately demonstrates the strength of Purchaser's financial condition or creditworthiness such that Supplier in its reasonable discretion determines Purchaser is capable of meeting its financial obligations hereunder. Purchaser shall pay to Supplier all amounts owing under this Agreement for all Products that have been produced in compliance with the terms of this Agreement prior to the effective date of termination or expiration.
- 10. Confidentiality and Circumvention. Each Party hereto agrees with the other that, it and its representatives will hold in strict confidence all data and information obtained with respect to another Party or any subsidiary thereof from any representative, officer, director or employee, of such other Party, and shall not use such data or information or disclose the same to others, except to the extent such data or information is published, is a matter of public knowledge, or is required by law to be published. In the event of the termination of this Agreement, each Party shall return to the other Party all documents and other materials obtained by it or on its behalf and shall destroy all copies or other materials relating thereto. To the extent that a Party is required to disclose information by applicable law or a court of competent jurisdiction, it shall not make any such disclosure without first notifying the other Party and allowing the other Party a reasonable opportunity to seek injunctive relief from (or a protective order with respect to) the obligation to make such disclosure. Additionally, the Parties agree and acknowledge an affirmative obligation to the other Party to keep the terms and conditions of this Agreement confidential.
 - 10.1 For the avoidance of confusion, the Parties agree not to circumvent one another's rights and duties to fulfill its obligations under this Agreement. Further, Supplier agrees not to circumvent Purchaser's exclusive rights under this Agreement to distribute the Products. Finally, Supplier agrees to not knowingly sell the Products to any of Purchaser's Customers.

11. Exclusive Distribution Terms.

- 11.1 Exclusive Right of First Purchase. Supplier grants Purchaser Exclusive Worldwide First Right of Purchase / Distribution for Supplier's supply of water-soluble delta-9 THC powder, hemp-derived delta-9 THC distillate, tetrahydrocannabinolic acid isolate (THCA Isolate), and tetrahydrocannabinolic acid hemp flower (THCA Flower) and other products as may be later mutually agreed upon in a writing signed by both Supplier and Purchaser ("Product(s)").
- 12. **Records**. Each Party shall maintain all such documents, records and other information as required under applicable laws ("**Records**"). Each Party shall retain the Records for a period equal to the longer of: (a) the retention period for such Records required by applicable laws or applicable accounting standards (whichever is greater); or (b) three (3) years after the end of the Term. Each Party shall, upon the other Party's reasonable

- request, and subject to applicable laws and at such other Party's sole cost and expense, make such Records available to such other Party, upon reasonable notice and during normal business hours.
- 13. <u>Trademarks</u>. Except as otherwise expressly provided for herein, nothing in this Agreement shall be read or construed as a grant of a license by one Party to the other Party to use the trademarks or such other intellectual property rights owned or controlled by such Party or its affiliates.
- 14. <u>Indemnification</u>. Purchaser shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless Supplier and its affiliates and each of their respective directors, officers, employees and agents from and against, any and all claims, actions, judgments, losses, damages, interest, awards, settlement amounts, liabilities, costs, expenses, fines or penalties (including reasonable legal fees and expenses) (collectively, "Losses") to the extent arising out of or resulting from any third party claim, suit, action, proceeding or government order or prosecution ("Claim") regarding (a) Purchaser's failure to comply with applicable laws; (b) Purchaser's or its affiliates' and their respective employees' and representatives' infringement of Supplier's intellectual property rights; (c) Purchaser's gross negligence; and (d) any breach of a representation or warranty made under this Agreement.
 - Supplier shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless Purchaser and its affiliates and each of their respective directors, officers, employees and agents from and against, any and all claims, actions, judgments, losses, damages, interest, awards, settlement amounts, liabilities, costs, expenses, fines or penalties (including reasonable legal fees and expenses) (collectively, "Losses") to the extent arising out of or resulting from any third party claim, suit, action, proceeding or government order or prosecution ("Claim") regarding (a) Supplier's failure to comply with applicable laws; (b) Supplier's or its affiliates' and their respective employees' and representatives' infringement of Supplier's intellectual property rights; (c) Supplier's product quality and suitability for human consumption; Supplier's gross negligence; and (d) any breach of a representation or warranty under this Agreement.
- 15. Representations, Warranties, and Covenants. Each party shall comply with all applicable governmental laws, ordinances, rules and regulations, including without limitation all laws, ordinances, rules and regulations which may govern the production, manufacture, importation, transportation, storage, marketing, distribution, sale, use and disposal of the Products, as well as all other applicable laws which relate to that party or its business or the way the business is carried on. Except as specifically provided herein, each party shall be responsible for all costs and obligations associated with its business operations incurred in its performance of this Agreement. Neither party shall do any of the following: (i) represent itself as an agent of the other party for any purpose; (ii) pledge the other party's credit; (iii) make any promise, guaranty or warranty about the Products on behalf of the other party; or (iv) commit the other party to any third-party contract or obligation. EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY SET FORTH IN THIS AGREEMENT, NEITHER PARTY MAKES ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY **IMPLIED** WARRANTIES MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCTS. ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED BY EACH PARTY.
- 16. <u>Insurance</u>. Each Party shall, for the duration of this Agreement and at its own expense, maintain and carry commercial general insurance (including product liability) with limits no less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence with financially sound and reputable insurers. On a Party's request, the other Party shall provide the requesting Party with a certificate of insurance from the insured Party's insurer evidencing the insurance coverage specified in this Section, which certificate shall name the other Party as an additional insured. Each Party shall provide the other Party with advance notice in the event of a cancellation or material change in its insurance policy, providing as much notice as is reasonably practicable.
- 17. Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the internal laws (as opposed to conflicts of law provisions) of the State of North Carolina. Each Party agrees that any state or federal court within the State of North Carolina shall have exclusive jurisdiction of any action or proceeding relating to, or arising under or in connection with this Agreement and each Party consents to personal jurisdiction of such courts and waives any objection to such courts' jurisdiction. The Parties hereto agree that any claim or suit between the Parties relating to or arising under or in connection with this Agreement may only be brought in and decided by the state or federal courts located in the State of North Carolina, such courts being a proper forum in

which to adjudicate such claim or suit, and each Party hereby waives any objection to each such venue and waives any claim that such claim or suit has been brought in an inconvenient forum. The Parties hereby irrevocably waive, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any and all right to trial by jury in any legal proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby.

18. General Provisions. (a) In performing their obligations hereunder, the Parties and any third parties acting on behalf of the Parties shall act solely as independent contractors. No Party shall have any power or authority to bind or commit any other Party. (b) Any notice or other communication required or permitted to be given pursuant to this Agreement shall be deemed to have been sufficiently given if in writing and either delivered by e-mail, overnight courier service against receipt or sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. (c) This Agreement, Purchase Orders and Supplier Invoices constitute the entire agreement between the Parties pertaining to the subject matter hereof. No amendment of this Agreement shall be effective unless made in writing and signed by the Parties. (d) A waiver of any default, breach or non-compliance under this Agreement shall not be effective unless in writing and signed by the Party to be bound by the waiver. (e) Any provision of this Agreement which is prohibited or unenforceable in any jurisdiction will, as to that jurisdiction, be severed from the balance of this Agreement, all without affecting the remaining provisions of this Agreement or affecting the validity or enforceability of such provision in any other jurisdiction. (f) Neither Party may assign or otherwise transfer its rights or obligations under this Agreement in whole or in part, without the express prior written consent of the other Party. This Agreement shall endure to the benefit of, and be binding on, the Parties and their respective successors and permitted assigns. (g) This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and both of which taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument. (h) Sections 2-4 and 9-18, inclusively, shall survive any termination or expiration of this Agreement. (i) In the event that any party institutes any legal suit, action, or proceeding against the other party to arising out of this Agreement, the prevailing party in the suit, action, or proceeding shall be entitled to receive, in addition to all other damages to which it may be entitled, the costs incurred by such party in conducting the suit, action, or proceeding, including reasonable/actual attorneys' fees and expenses and court costs.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the Parties have executed this Agreement as of the Effective Date.

Asterra Labs, LLC

MC Botanicals, LLC

By:

Title:

Name: Bret Worley

Title:

President

Bret Worley

EXHIBIT B

MUTUAL CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT

This Mutual Confidentiality Agreement ("Agreement") is entered into as of **April 17, 2023**, ("Effective Date") by and between **MC Nutraceuticals PLLC** a Texas LLC with its principal place of business at 6101 Long Prairie Road, Suite 744, LB 17, Flower Mound, Texas 75028 ("MCN" and "First Party") and , **Ryan McConnell** with an address of 126 Kluge Ave.Palisade, CO 81526 ("**McConnell**" and "Second Party"), collectively ("the Parties").

First Party and Second Party may in turn be referred to as either a "Disclosing Party" or a "Receiving Party" and collectively referred to herein as "the Parties". Notwithstanding any such designation below as the "Disclosing Party" or the "Receiving Party," each Party hereto recognizes that this is a mutual nondisclosure and non-circumvention agreement. Thus, in the agreement that follows there may be times and circumstances whereby the exchange and use of information is reversed, and the Disclosing Party will under those circumstances be the Receiving Party. In those circumstances the obligations and duties set forth herein shall reverse and run each to the other on a mutually binding basis.

In respective instances "the Parties", "Disclosing Party" and "Receiving Party" includes but is not limited to their officers, agents and subsidiaries.

WHEREAS, McConnell is employed by MCN as Senior Account Manager and during the course of their employment will have access to sensitive, confidential and proprietary information of MCN and its affiliates.; and

WHEREAS, In order to induce Disclosing Party to disclose valuable, confidential, proprietary and trade secret information ("Confidential Information") during such discussions, Receiving Party agrees to accept such information in accordance with and under the restrictive covenants, terms, and conditions set forth in this Agreement;

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises contained herein, it is hereby agreed as follows:

1. DISCLOSURE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

As used in this Agreement, "Confidential Information" includes any information or data disclosed by Disclosing Party to the Receiving Party and which concerns the management and business of Disclosing Party, the business relationships and affairs of the Disclosing Party and its clients, the internal policies and procedures applicable to the Disclosing Party's personnel and the formulation of marketing strategies and policies. It also includes displays, designs, descriptions, procedures, formulas, discoveries, inventions, specifications, drawings, sketches, models, samples, codes, improvements, concepts, ideas, commercial agreements and past, present and future research, development, business activities, products or services that are proprietary to the Disclosing Party or to a third party to whom the Disclosing Party has a duty of confidentiality as well as any additional information the Disclosing Party may also designate as Confidential Information either orally or in writing. Such Confidential Information is covered by this Agreement whether or not it is disclosed to Receiving Party in written form and whether or not marked "Confidential" or, disclosed orally.

2. CONFIDENTIALITY COVENANTS

Receiving Party agrees to accept and receive Disclosing Party's Confidential Information under a covenant of confidentiality, establishing a fiduciary relationship between Disclosing Party and Receiving Party, in regard to the Confidential Information. Furthermore, Receiving Party hereby agrees to maintain and safeguard Disclosing Party's Confidential Information in the strictest of confidence (in a manner no less stringent than the measures they use for their own Confidential Information), using Confidential Information solely and exclusively for the purpose of evaluating the commercial potential with Disclosing Party. Receiving Party will not directly or indirectly use, take advantage of, or allow anyone to use or take advantage of, the Confidential Information for their own separate interests, or to compete against the Disclosing Party in any enterprise of a comparable or similar nature. Under no circumstances shall the Receiving Party or its employees or consultants make copies of the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information or remove such Confidential Information from their business premises without written permission.

3. CONFIDENTIALITY COVENANTS -- EXEMPTIONS

Confidential Information shall not include information that (i) is or becomes available to the public other than by disclosure by the Receiving Party in violation of this Agreement; (ii) was demonstrably known to Receiving Party previously with no obligation to hold it in confidence; (iii) is independently developed by either party without recourse to the Confidential Information, or (iv) was rightfully obtained by either party from a third party without an obligation of confidentiality.

4. MATERIALS SHALL REMAIN PROPERTY OF DISCLOSING PARTY

All materials, including, without limitation, documents, displays, drawings, models, presentations, apparatus, sketches, designs and lists furnished to Receiving Party by Disclosing Party in furtherance of this Agreement shall remain the property of Disclosing Party. Upon written notice of termination from the Disclosing Party, the Receiving Party shall, as requested by the Disclosing Party, immediately return all Confidential Information to Disclosing Party or destroy such materials and all copies thereof. This Agreement does not grant Receiving Party any license to use Disclosing Party's Confidential Information

5. NON-CIRCUMVENT

In the event **McConnell** ceases to be employed by MCN for any reason, they may not contact or enter into any agreement directly, or through its agents or subsidiaries or by any other means, with any individual or entity that was a Customer of MCN or its affiliates. The direct contact of such third parties by **McConnell**, without the written consent of MCN shall be a material breach of this Agreement.

6. TERM

The term of this Agreement shall be effective as of the date signed and shall terminate one year after the employment of **McConnell** ceases.

7. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- (a) This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of The United States of America and of the State of Texas. Receiving Party agrees that the breach of the provisions of this Agreement by Receiving Party will cause Disclosing Party irreparable damage for which recovery of money damages would be inadequate. Disclosing Party will, therefore, be entitled to obtain timely injunctive and other equitable relief to protect Disclosing Party rights under this Agreement in addition to any and all other remedies available at law.
- (b) Neither party may assign its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement may be amended or supplemented only by a writing that is signed by duly authorized representatives of both parties. No term or provision hereof will be considered waived by either party, and no breach excused by either party, unless such waiver or consent is in writing signed on behalf of the party against whom the waiver is asserted. If any part of this Agreement is found invalid or unenforceable, that part will be amended to achieve as nearly as possible the same economic effect as the original provision and the remainder of this Agreement will remain in full force. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties relating to this subject matter and supersedes all prior or simultaneous representations, discussions, negotiations, and agreements, whether written or oral.
- (c) Any public announcement regarding the relationship between the parties shall be made only following consultation between the parties and joint approval of the timing and content of such public announcement, such approval not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed.
- (d) This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and all of which shall together constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of an executed copy of this Agreement by electronic facsimile transmission or other means of electronic communication capable of producing a printed copy shall be deemed to be execution and delivery of this Agreement as of the Effective Date.
- (e) The individuals executing this Agreement on behalf of the Parties, do each hereby represent and warrant that they respectively have been and are on the date of this Agreement duly authorized by all necessary appropriate entity action, to execute this Agreement on behalf of their respective principals.

The parties shall be responsible for the acts of their officers, employees, subcontractors or agents to whom Confidential Information or any portion thereof has been disclosed, and the parties further guarantee the full and substantial performance by their officers, employees, subcontractors and agents of the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

8. NOTICES

Any notice required to be given or otherwise given pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be hand delivered, mailed by recognized overnight courier service to the other Party at the address first written above (or to such other address as either party may hereafter designate in accordance with the terms of this Paragraph).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have caused this Agreement to be duly executed as of the day and year first written above.

First Party – MC Nutraceuticals, PLLC	Second Party - Ryan McConnell		
Brown March	Mysty (ard)		
(Authorized Signature)	(Authorized Signature)		
Bret Worley, President	Ryan McConnell		
	4/11/2023		
(Date)	(Date)		

EXHIBIT C



Fwd: Resignation

1 message

On Wed, Jun 11, 2025 at 8:31 AM Ryan McConnell <mcconnell.w.ryan@gmail.com> wrote: Hello,

I'm resigning from my position as Senior Sales Manager effective immediately.

You agreed to pay back pay for my promotion from May 15th to present for the salary raise from \$120,000 to \$170,000 a year annually. You agreed to pay a \$9000 bonus performance. April commissions have been processed and approved (attached). I also have an outstanding expense report (attached).

Please, pay the items above that we have agreed upon.

Best.

Ryan McConnell

2 attachments



2025 04 Ryan (1).xlsx



May 31- June 6th Expense report.xlsx 20K

EXHIBIT D

Begin forwarded message:

From: Alicia Jurney <Alicia@parkerbryanlaw.com>

Subject: RE: [External]Re: Payment
Date: July 1, 2025 at 3:03:29 PM GMT+2
To: Jeff Worley <jworley@ccgpllc.net>

Cc: Bret Worley <bre> <b

Jeff:

John has confirmed that all inventory is accounted for. The initial count, which inaccurately showed a discrepancy, was an error by your former employee, Nick. Nothing is missing.

Asterra will not be entertaining a reduction in the amount owed based on any costs associated with Ryan's transition from MCN/MCB to Asterra. Reimbursement for those costs was never agreed to, and it was only requested when your companies were not able to pay the invoices for Asterra's products.

Asterra stands by its calculations. Through today, the total owed by MCN/MCB is \$1,607,570.21, consisting of \$1,594,968.17 principal and \$12,602.04 interest as shown on the attached spreadsheet.

Asterra's patience is running out. MCN/MCB's failure to make any payment in nearly a month and continued stalling show an absence of good faith. Attached are notices to preserve all forms of potential evidence, addressed to you and Bret. I will also be sending notices to preserve today to other individuals who we believe possess relevant, discoverable information.

Unless we reach an agreement on a payment plan for MCN/MCB <u>and MCN/MCB</u> begins paying by the end of the week, Asterra will be filing a civil action and seeking restitution through criminal charges.

Alicia Jurney Lawyer

Parker Bryan Britt Tanner & Jenkins, PLLC 133 Fayetteville Street, Suite 500

Raleigh, NC 27601

Mailing: P.O. Box 1069, Raleigh, NC 27602

Phone: 919.833.3115 Fax: 919.833.3116

Email: alicia@parkerbryanlaw.com

From: Jeff Worley <jworley@ccgpllc.net> Sent: Saturday, June 28, 2025 9:38 AM

RECEIPT#

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil de	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUC	THONS ON NEXT PAGE OF	<u> </u>			
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDAN	NTS		
MC BOTANICAL	LS LLC and MC NU	TRACEUTICALS	LC ASTERRA LABS, LLC; RISE CAPITAL, LLC.; and RYAN MCCONNELL			
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Denton			County of Resid	ence of First Listed Defendant	Nash	
•	XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA		NOTE: IN LAN	(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES D CONDEMNATION CASES, USE	ONLY)	
			THE TR	ACT OF LAND INVOLVED.		
	Address, and Telephone Numbe		Attorneys (If Known	own)		
Law, PLLC 100	K. Alan Parry, Amos Europa Dr. Ste 351	, ,	P O Box 10	y, Parker Bryan Britt Tan 69, Raleigh, NC 27602		
919-913-3320	ICTION	1,	=			
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in	One Box Only)	(For Diversity Cases C		(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)	
U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Federal Question (U.S. Government)	Not a Party)	Citizen of This State	PTF DEF 1 Incorporated or I of Business In	PTF DEF Principal Place 4 X 4	
2 U.S. Government Defendant	x 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenshi	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	2 Incorporated and of Business In	Principal Place X 5 5	
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 Foreign Nation	6 6	
IV. NATURE OF SUIT				Click here for: Nature of		
CONTRACT		RTS	FORFEITURE/PENAL		OTHER STATUTES	
110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability	625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC	— • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	375 False Claims Act 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a))	
140 Negotiable Instrument	Liability	367 Health Care/		INTELLECTUAL	400 State Reapportionment	
150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment	320 Assault, Libel & Slander	Pharmaceutical Personal Injury		PROPERTY RIGHTS	410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking	
151 Medicare Act	330 Federal Employers'	Product Liability		820 Copyrights 830 Patent	450 Commerce	
152 Recovery of Defaulted	Liability	368 Asbestos Personal		835 Patent - Abbreviated	460 Deportation	
Student Loans (Excludes Veterans)	340 Marine 345 Marine Product	Injury Product Liability		New Drug Application 840 Trademark	470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations	
153 Recovery of Overpayment	Liability	PERSONAL PROPERT	Y LABOR	880 Defend Trade Secrets	480 Consumer Credit	
of Veteran's Benefits	350 Motor Vehicle	370 Other Fraud	710 Fair Labor Standards	Act of 2016	(15 USC 1681 or 1692)	
160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract	355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal	Act 720 Labor/Management	SOCIAL SECURITY	485 Telephone Consumer Protection Act	
195 Contract Product Liability	360 Other Personal	Property Damage	Relations	861 HIA (1395ff)	490 Cable/Sat TV	
196 Franchise	Injury	385 Property Damage	740 Railway Labor Act	862 Black Lung (923)	850 Securities/Commodities/	
	362 Personal Injury -	Product Liability	751 Family and Medical	863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)	· 🗀	
REAL PROPERTY	Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITION	Leave Act S 790 Other Labor Litigation	864 SSID Title XVI 865 RSI (405(g))	890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts	
210 Land Condemnation	440 Other Civil Rights	Habeas Corpus:	791 Employee Retiremen		893 Environmental Matters	
220 Foreclosure	441 Voting	463 Alien Detainee	Income Security Act	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	895 Freedom of Information	
230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	442 Employment	510 Motions to Vacate		870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff	Act	
240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability	443 Housing/ Accommodations	Sentence 530 General		or Defendant) 871 IRS—Third Party	896 Arbitration 899 Administrative Procedure	
290 All Other Real Property	445 Amer. w/Disabilities -	535 Death Penalty	IMMIGRATION	26 USC 7609	Act/Review or Appeal of	
	Employment	Other:	462 Naturalization Applic	cation	Agency Decision	
	446 Amer. w/Disabilities -	—	_		950 Constitutionality of	
	Other 448 Education	550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition	Actions		State Statutes	
		560 Civil Detainee -				
		Conditions of Confinement				
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" is	Ou - P - Ou lu	Confinement				
	**	Remanded from	14 Reinstated or 5 Tra	ansferred from	trict	
		Appellate Court		other District Litigation		
		11	(sp	pecify) Transfer		
	Cite the U.S. Civil Sta	tute under which you are	e filing (Do not cite jurisdiction	al statutes unless diversity):		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	28 U.S.C. § 1332					
	Brief description of ca Complex commercial lit					
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND	y if demanded in complaint: Yes No	
VIII. RELATED CASI						
IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER		
DATE		SIGNATURE OF ATT	OBNEA UE BECUBD			
Jul 7, 2025		/s/ Jonah GArson	ORNET OF RECORD			
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		,5, 5511411 0/ 115011				
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INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

 United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

 Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

 Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)
- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.
 - Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation – Transfer. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407.

Multidistrict Litigation – Direct File. (8) Check this box when a multidistrict case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket.

PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE IS NOT AN ORIGIN CODE 7. Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statute.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.** Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service.
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

 Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.

 Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related cases, if any. If there are related cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of North Carolina

Eastern Distric	ct of North Carollia		
MC BOTANICALS LLC and MC NUTRACEUTICALS LLC,)))		
Plaintiff(s)			
v.) Civil Action No. 5:25-cv-00400		
ASTERRA LABS, LLC; RISE CAPITAL, LLC; and RYAN MCCONNELL)))		
	,)		
SUMMONS IN	N A CIVIL ACTION		
To: (Defendant's name and address) ASTERRA LABS, LLC c/o Kyle Massengale, Re 800 Cooke Rd. Nashville, NC 27856	gistered Agent		
A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Jonah Garson Parry Law, PLLC 100 Europa Drive, Suite 351 Chapel Hill, NC 27517			
You also must file your answer or motion with the court.			
	CLERK OF COURT		
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk		

Civil Action No. 5:25-cv-00400

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (1))

	This summons for (n	name of individual and title, if an	y)				
was rec	ceived by me on (date)						
	☐ I personally serve	ed the summons on the ind	ividual at <i>(place)</i>				
			on (date)	; or			
	☐ I left the summon	ns at the individual's reside	ence or usual place of abode with (name)				
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,						
	on (date)	, and mailed a	copy to the individual's last known address	; or			
	☐ I served the sumr	nons on (name of individual)		, who is			
	designated by law to	o accept service of process	on behalf of (name of organization)				
			on (date)	; or			
	☐ I returned the sun	nmons unexecuted because		; or			
	☐ Other (specify):						
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of	of\$			
	I declare under pena	lty of perjury that this info	rmation is true.				
Date:							
			Server's signature				
		_	Printed name and title				
		_	Server's address				

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of North Carolina

MC BOTANICALS LLC and MC NUTRACEUTIC LLC,	CALS))))		
Plaintiff(s))		
v.) Civil Action No. 5:25-cv-00400		
ASTERRA LABS, LLC; RISE CAPITAL, LLC; & RYAN MCCONNELL) and))		
Defendant(s))		
SUMM	IONS IN A CIVIL ACTION		
To: (Defendant's name and address) RISE CAPITAL, I c/o Christian E. F 1698 E. Arlingtor Greenville, NC 2	Porter, Registered Agent n Blvd.		
A lawsuit has been filed against you.			
Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:			
Jonah Garson Parry Law, PLLC 100 Europa Drive Chapel Hill, NC 2	e, Suite 351		
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.			
	CLERK OF COURT		
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk		

Civil Action No. 5:25-cv-00400

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (1))

		ame of individual and title, if an	y)		_
was re	ceived by me on (date)		·		
	☐ I personally serve	ed the summons on the ind	ividual at <i>(place)</i>		
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I left the summon	s at the individual's reside	ence or usual place of abode with (name)		
		,	a person of suitable age and discretion who res	ides there,	
	on (date)	, and mailed a	copy to the individual's last known address; or		
	☐ I served the sumn	nons on (name of individual)		, who is	
	designated by law to	accept service of process	on behalf of (name of organization)		
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I returned the sum	nmons unexecuted because		; or	
	☐ Other (specify):				
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00	
	I declare under penal	lty of perjury that this info	rmation is true.		
Date:		_			
			Server's signature		
		_	Printed name and title		
		_	Server's address		

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of North Carolina

MC BOTANICALS LLC and MC NUTRACEUTICALS LLC, Plaintiff(s) v. ASTERRA LABS, LLC; RISE CAPITAL, LLC.; and)))) Civil Action No. 5:25-cv-00400		
RYAN MCCONNELL Defendant(s)))))		
SUMMONS IN	N A CIVIL ACTION		
To: (Defendant's name and address) RYAN MCCONNELL c/o Asterra Labs, LLC 800 Cook Road Nashville, NC 27856			
A lawsuit has been filed against you.			
Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:			
Jonah Garson Parry Law, PLLC 100 Europa Drive, Suite 351 Chapel Hill, NC 27517			
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.			
	CLERK OF COURT		
Date:			
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk		

Civil Action No. 5:25-cv-00400

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (1))

	This summons for (no	ume of individual and title, if any)			
was rec	ceived by me on (date)				
	☐ I personally served	d the summons on the indiv	idual at (place)		
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I left the summons	s at the individual's residence	ce or usual place of abode with (name)		
		, a	person of suitable age and discretion who res	sides there,	
	on (date)	, and mailed a co	py to the individual's last known address; or		
	☐ I served the summ	nons on (name of individual)		, 1	who is
	designated by law to	accept service of process o	on behalf of (name of organization)		
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I returned the sum	mons unexecuted because			; or
	☐ Other (specify):				
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00	
	I declare under penal	ty of perjury that this inform	nation is true.		
Date:					
			Server's signature		
			Printed name and title		
			Server's address		

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc: